

SUGAR COMES INTO CONTROL UNDER SYSTEM OF LICENSING

Beet, Cane, Raw, Refined, Molasses and Syrups Included in Plans To Stabilize Prices and Check Speculation and Hoarding

BIG CONSIGNMENT OF BEET SEED RECEIVED

Hoover Plans To Increase Production and Remedy Is Found To Relieve Shortage of Seed Existing Since Beginning of War

WASHINGTON, September 16.—(Associated Press)—Stabilization of the price of sugar and its by-products and great increases in the supply are intents of the food control commission which became more manifest yesterday, the former in an announcement that the industry is to be licensed and the latter through the announcement of the arrival of a cargo of sugar beet seed at Vancouver for delivery to the United States for distribution among the beet growers and among others who may be induced to grow beets in the United States.

By a system of licensing the food commission hopes to stabilize sugar prices, and by a control of its distribution to prevent hoarding as well as speculation. Not only will refined and raw sugar be thus controlled but so also will the by-products of molasses and syrups. These latter will be placed under a control that is practically identical with raw cane sugar.

Cuba is meeting the plan half way and has named a committee to go to Washington and consult with the food control commission regarding participation in the price fixing program that is to be outlined.

TELLS OF PLAN

Licensing of the sugar industry was provided for by a special proclamation made by the President yesterday. Later in the day Hoover said that imports and exports of sugar, especially the latter would be licensed under the proposed system as would be the refineries, brokers, distributors and jobbers. He added that beet sugar and cane sugar were alike included in the provisions that are to be issued and that molasses and sugar syrups will also be cared for.

In Havana yesterday a meeting of Cuban sugar growers was held and a committee to go to Washington and consult with the food commission there was selected. They had previously been informed of some of the plans and of the proposed price that was to be fixed and had been consulted, fully even as to what might be considered a fair price to show a reasonable profit to the producers.

BEET SEED COMES

It was with keen satisfaction that officials here learned of the arrival in Vancouver of a large consignment of sugar beet seed from the Black Sea sugar districts. This consignment amounted to twenty-nine thousand sacks, valued at \$990,000 and it will all be sent to the United States for distribution in the sugar beet growing districts.

This shipment will help materially to reduce the shortage of beet seed that has been felt acutely since the outbreak of the war. Previous to the war beet seed was largely imported from Germany.

When the war broke out the United States sought to obtain from Germany its usual supply of seed. Great Britain had its blockade on. Germany refused to sell unless the United States would

RUSSIA GAINS IN CONFIDENCE AND RESTS EASIER

Arrest of Korniloff and Others of His Leaders and the Successful Formation of a New Cabinet Augurs For Success

PETROGRAD, September 16.—(Associated Press)—By the arrest of Korniloff and the definite end of his revolt and by the formation of a new cabinet which may to an extent satisfy some of the more radical elements and thus sap the growing strength that had been shown by the ultra-radicals, the situation in Russia has been much clarified and Petrograd last night was resting more easily and with a sense that the most insistent dangers were at an end and the probability of a successful reorganization of the government and continuance against the aggressions of the Prussians was enhanced.

Leaders are Arrested
Gen. Alexieff, commander of the southwest armies, yesterday telegraphed Premier Kerensky that "Korniloff, Lokomsky, Romanovsky, Colonel Pleus-televsky and Plushken have been arrested. Members of the commission of inquiry are due to arrive at Mohilev at midnight. The arrested persons are to be turned over to their hands. The troops at Mohilev are true to Kerensky."

Petrograd yesterday spent the most quiet and complacent day in more than a week with the conjoint announcement that General Korniloff and General Lokomsky had been arrested and that the Russian army, led by the offensive again against the Germans and inflicted a severe defeat on them on the road to Pskov. Three towns were occupied, Kronberg, Keitzen and Sissel.

Petrograd yesterday was most concerned in the ultimate fate of Korniloff. A penalty will be meted out to the disloyal army head by Premier Kerensky, who has promised no mercy to those who seek to overthrow the government, is exciting wide discussion.

After an all night discussion by Russia's political leaders, it was announced that the republic had again passed safely through the rough seas of the recent crisis. A new cabinet has been formed.

LEGISLATION GOES AHEAD WITH SPEED

Senate Passes War Credits Bill; Houses Increases Money For Ships; Agreement Near

WASHINGTON, September 16.—(Associated Press)—Plans to expedite the passage in the senate of the soldiers and sailors insurance bill were completed yesterday in accordance with the earnest request of President Wilson to Senator Martin to aid its passage before adjournment.

The expected clash occurred in the conference committee on the War Revenue Tax Bill over the elimination of the bill as it passed the senate of the tax on the gross sales of manufactures as it was included in the tax bill. This amounted to \$70,000,000. A compromise is offered to raise this in the new bill to a half or perhaps two-thirds of the original amount and it is expected that this will be accepted.

Last night indications were that the committee will be ready with a report by Thursday.

Without objection, yesterday the house approved the recommendation of its appropriation committee to amend the seven billion dollar urgent deficiency bill and thus authorizing an appropriation of \$12,250,000 for the merchant marine. Rapid progress was made and it is hoped to secure final passage of the measure on Monday.

The war credit bill, aggregating \$11,558,000,000, was passed by the senate without a single dissenting vote. It is claimed this is the largest measure of the kind in the world's history.

FOUR SENTENCED FOR PLOT TO HELP BOPP

SAN FRANCISCO, September 15.—(Associated Press)—The four men, De laeey, McNeils, Harnedy and Mullane, convicted in the federal court of conspiring to aid and abet the escape of Franz Bopp and E. H. von Shack, former German consular officials, were sentenced today.

De laeey was sentenced to serve eighteen months in prison. McNeils was fined \$5000, while Harnedy and Mullane were each sentenced to one year's imprisonment and a fine of \$1000.

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pay in food stuffs and in food supplies. This the United States could not do. Great Britain consented to the shipment of sugar beet seed from Germany to the United States provided it was paid for in gold and not in supplies. Germany still declined to sell and insisted as firmly as ever on exchange of the seed for supplies. And so there came about a deadlock that remains unchanged and the sugar beet industry has suffered correspondingly. Now it is believed that the trouble will soon be ended and that this and other subsequent shipments from the same sources will furnish an amply sufficient supply of seed for the planting of great increased areas and bring about a record breaking crop another year.

REGARD WARNING AS POSSIBLY BUT HOAX

Navy Department Not Inclined To Believe Report of Submarine in Travel Lane

WASHINGTON, September 16.—(Associated Press)—Late last night the navy department announced that it had no confirmation of the reports that emanated from several sources during yesterday that a German submarine had been sighted in the North Atlantic. In the absence of official confirmation it was inclined to doubt the authenticity of the reports and to assert the possibility that the wireless warning was a hoax perpetrated by some amateur operator of a wireless unfavourably equipped at some point.

Reports were received here yesterday that a British steamer which arrived there yesterday reported having received a wireless, supposed to have been sent from another vessel off Cape Race that the presence of a submarine had been reported to it by another vessel. The submarine was reported to have been off the coast of Newfoundland on September 15.

The officers of the steamer expressed the opinion that the submarine was lurking in the line between Halifax and the entrance to the St. Lawrence River in the hope of encountering and sinking American merchantmen and from there was working steadily southward.

The British reported that on Wednesday he picked up an "S. O. S." call saying that a vessel was being chased by a Hun over 65 miles east of Nantucket lightship. The name of the ship could not be made out further than "Abby."

Another British captain just arrived from an English port says he received instructions before leaving to be on the lookout for submarines when nearing the American coast.

The tanker Italo arrived here today, reports also having picked up the "S. O. S." call.

FRENCH AND SLAVS SCORE VICTORIES

Poilus Regain Trenches They Had Lost and Russians Continue Their Aggressive

NEW YORK, September 16.—(Associated Press)—Retaking of the trenches in the Verdun sector that were entered by the Huns on Friday by the French and the capture of three towns by the organized Russian forces beyond Riga were the striking news features of yesterday's reports from the battle front.

French successes were north of the Courcy Woods where German attack Friday gave them possession of a small stretch of trenches which they penetrated and returned for the night. Early yesterday morning the poilus were up and at the enemy again with characteristic dash and vigor. They regained the lost trenches after a strong show of resistance had been overcome and possession and strengthened their defense, preparing to resist today any attacks that may be launched upon them.

Reports from Belgium, Flanders and other sectors of the west front in France told of few activities other than artillery duels.

No reports have been received from the Isonzo front.

The three towns retaken by the Russians are about 45 miles north-east of Riga and the report of the Russian success would indicate that the days have, for the time being, ended the tide of the German advance. Pskov is an important town about 100 miles from Riga, about half way to Petrograd.

AMERICANS QUICK TO AID STRICKEN

Details of Air Raid On Harvard and St. Louis College Contingents Are Received

WASHINGTON, September 16.—(Associated Press)—Major Murphy, head of the American Red Cross in France, said in the first detailed account of the Hun air raid upon a hospital and upon the hospital contingents from Harvard and St. Louis College on the night of September 4. This report was received yesterday morning and made public last night.

In his report Major Murphy highly complimented the cool headedness and bravery of the American surgeons and the college hospital contingents.

The American base hospital was attacked in the night when most all were asleep. The bombing lasted only ten seconds, he said, but its damage was severe for the short time involved. Only one was killed but three officers, six privates, a woman nurse and twenty-two patients were wounded.

In less than a minute after the attack commenced the surgeons and attendants were at work collecting the stricken.

After the twenty-four hours in the operating room that followed they were ready to drop from sheer exhaustion when their work was finished.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHES

LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. Used the world over to cure a cold in one day. The signature of E. W. GROVE is on each box. Manufactured by the FARM MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, U. S. A.

Huns Put Price On Life of Americans

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, September 16.—(Associated Press)—As prices are put on the heads of outlaws, so has Germany put a price on the life of the American soldier in France who may be brought back, dead or alive by any member of the Hun army. The price is an iron cross of the first class and 400 marks, \$100, if the American is a prisoner or 300 marks, \$75, if he be brought in dead, and a fourteen day leave of absence in either event. The order was issued last July, according to the report of it told yesterday by a Prussian sergeant who had been brought in as a prisoner.

"It was last July that the order was issued," said the sergeant. "It was supposed that there were United States troops in front of us with two divisions of Portuguese on their right. The order said that the man who came back with an American soldier would receive the iron cross of the first class. If he were live 400 marks would be paid and if dead 300 marks. In addition to these rewards there would be granted a leave of absence or a visit home of fourteen days."

Other prisoners who were questioned as to the authenticity of the story admitted that they had heard of the order and that an effort had been made to earn it.

ISHII SPEAKS IN HISTORIC OLD HALL

Japanese Commissioner Delivers Earnest Plea For Unity In Independence Hall

PHILADELPHIA, September 16.—(Associated Press)—In historic old Independence Hall where have been delivered many addresses stirring in patriotism and of epoch making importance, Viscount Ishii, head of the special mission sent by Japan to the United States spoke yesterday, dwelling with emphasis on the necessity of the United States, in close relationship, standing shoulder to shoulder to fight with the rest of the world against intolerable aggression and to make clear to the world that all reports of unity, ill feeling or lack of understanding between the two great nations of the east and the west are base calumnies.

"Japan and America must stand together, united in this world struggle for liberty and for freedom," declared Ishii. "Our two nations have been made the victims of a well planned and well executed campaign of slander and intrigue that stands out as black on the record of Germany as does anything which that country has done in Belgium, in France, in Serbia or on the Atlantic Ocean. And this has been done in an effort to foster a feeling of distrust and dislike, a misunderstanding of intentions and of purposes by our people and by mine. We must show each other and the rest of the world the falsity, the impossibility of truth in those slanders."

COPPER UTENSILS SOUGHT BY FRENCH

PARIS, September 16.—(Associated Press)—France is now in the market as a purchaser of copper at home, in the shape of utensils, just as other countries have been for a long time. For the present the government is seeking principally old copper "alambics" or liquor stills of an almost obsolete pattern that are found in some regions although it purchases any copper object offered for sale.

Since copper stills cannot readily be shifted from point to point by their owners, the government has organized a series of collection parties, each under command of an officer, which are touring several of the departments and picking up such copper as is offered for sale. The government offers four francs (80 cents) per kilogram.

The half dozen departments where the collection tours are taking place have been notified of the exact day and hour when the collectors may be expected to arrive. In all, 177 towns in six departments are being visited during the latter part of August and the early weeks of September.

Meanwhile the government maintains in Paris a sort of old copper headquarters at 2 Avenue de Saxe where utensils and objects of all kinds made of red copper may be turned in at four francs the kilo.

EFFORT TO SMUGGLE GOLD IS FRUSTRATED

A GULF PORT, September 16.—(Associated Press)—The first known effort to defeat the President's embargo upon the exportation of gold bullion was checked yesterday when customs officials seized and took from a Spanish steamer gold coin to the amount of fifty thousand dollars. This coin had been concealed aboard the ship, which was searched by the customs men just as she was about to sail for Spain.

VAN RAPPARD WILL BE GIVEN POST AT MADRID

THE HAGUE, September 16.—(Associated Press)—Minister van Rappard, the minister of the Netherlands at Washington, who has been recalled to be sent to represent Holland at Madrid. The present minister to Spain van Rappard will return here and will eventually be sent to Washington.

CHEEKS OF CHILD ARE BRUTALLY CUT

Mother Accuses Stepfather But No Charges Are Preferred By Police Officers

An unhappy family assembled yesterday morning in the emergency hospital at the police station, the principal being played by a five-year-old Filipino girl, Florentina Tavano and her mother, who accused her stepfather of having cut the cheeks of the child with a razor.

That a man with so classic a complexion as the child's had been cut with a razor seemed improbable, and yet the baby's mother and sister both insisted that the fellow, who was the worse for liquor, had inflicted the ugly wounds. He had become vexed over some imaginary trouble and had vented his anger on the innocent child.

Venus had been too sociable with Bacchus, and ran amuck with Mars. The child's cuts were cleaned and dressed, and the family returned to their home on Kukui and Liliha Streets, without any one of them filing a complaint against the stepfather or asking for his arrest.

INSISTS POWER OF VALUE IS WASTED

Armed With Wind Gauge W. P. Rossiter Makes Further Tests of Winds At Pali

Armed with a wind-gauge and accompanied by an old Hawaiian who lives near the Pali and who, most of his life, has been familiar with the habits of the wind that blows through Oahu's celebrated mountain gap, William P. Rossiter early yesterday morning took an automobile for the historic pass to make more detailed study with reference to his proposition to utilize the air-force there for the purpose of supplying electric light and power.

Ever since Rossiter arrived in Honolulu he has been occupied in gathering information covering the records of the trade winds and kona winds for years past. He repeats his original assertion that there is enough power going to waste at the Pali to give Honolulu great value in electric power, a power, he declares, much cheaper than water power. There are problems to be solved, of course, says the Boston scientist, but he believes that they present no insurmountable difficulty.

ENTENTE SHOWERING FAVORS UPON CHINA

PEKING, Sept. 15.—(Associated Press)—The Entente Allies are showering favors on this republic since her entry into the war against the Central Powers, and today a number of concessions were made public by the state department which will prove of great benefit to this country.

It is understood that Entente ministers have informed the government that their countries are willing to waive collection of Boxer indemnity payments for the next five years.

Among other concessions proposed is the granting to China the privilege of increasing her tariff duties approximately two per cent, and according the right to China of sending troops through the foreign concessions of Tientsin if it is necessary.

NO SYMPATHETIC STRIKE

SAN FRANCISCO, September 15.—(Associated Press)—The threat of the labor council to call a general strike in sympathy with the German men has been made good as yet. The council at its meeting last night took no action whatever and the situation remains as it has been the last few weeks.

PRESIDENT'S WIFE DIES

PEKING, Sept. 15.—(Associated Press)—The wife of President Feng Kuo Chang died here today.

FIRMS WILL SEEK EXEMPTION FOR NEEDED EMPLOYEES

Claim of Necessity At Home Will Be Advanced To Retain Services of Men Deemed Essential — No Intent To Cripple, Says Green

A national exemption is being asked by several of the large corporations of Honolulu who wish to have their employees free from the liability of being called into active service under the selective draft. They claim that the work of such employees is necessary for the well-being of the Territory and the efficiency of the military forces.

The Rapid Transit seeks to have its men exempted from active service under the draft for the reason that they are needed for the transportation of military troops and supplies. How far this claim may hold good under the searching inquiry of the district board remains to be seen. All claims of this nature will be thoroughly investigated by the board and their soundness will be passed upon in accordance with the findings of the examiners.

One of the large pineapple canneries has also asked for exemption for its men workers on the ground of occupational necessity to the welfare of the Territory. It says that the pineapple crop must be canned or hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of fruit will rot in the fields, to the great detriment of industry and loss of capital. It is also stated by the pineapple people that canneries are a necessity for the well-fed soldier and that the canning industry should not be slowed down for this reason.

Dole Asks Nothing
"We have not asked for exemption for any of our men," said James D. Dole of the Hawaiian Pineapple Company last evening. "We have even sent several of our best class men to the officers' training camp at Schofield Barracks, where one of them, Kenneth Emerson, has already received his commission as first lieutenant."

"We have not the slightest idea of asking for anything which will keep our men from doing their bit for the country in the time of her need."

What other industries will come forward before the actual drawing of the selective draft and endeavor to have their workers exempted remains to be seen. It is thought that a certain proportion of skilled men in the sugar mills and other island industries will be exempted after the drawing has been made.

No Intent To Cripple
"It would not be within the intention of the selective draft to cripple any of the important industries on which the prosperity of the Islands depends," said Major F. J. Green, adjutant in charge of the draft, yesterday. "It is probable that chemists and other high class men without whom the mills could not be run will be exempted on occupational grounds, as well as men in other industries which are the mainstays of the Territory. All exemption claims on such grounds will be passed on by the board at the proper time."

BELGIANS TO TELL OF GERMAN CRIMES

HAVRE, France, August 15.—(Associated Press)—A prize of 1000 francs has been offered by a citizen of Belgium for the best school text-book on the subject: "The Crimes Committed by the Germans Against Humanity and Against the Rights of People in Belgium During the War."

The offer, recently printed in the "Liberateur" published paper La Libre Belgique is designed to perpetuate the reasons for Belgium's national hatred against Germany.

DANGER OF FLOUR FAMINE IS DENIED

NEW YORK, September 16.—(Associated Press)—Reports of the possibility of a flour famine in the Eastern States are from alarmists and are unfounded was the official announcement made last night.

In denying the rumors, President Barnes of the food administration said that the mills in Minneapolis were filled to capacity and that the South-east and the Southwest were on a normal basis.

LUMBER TRADE STRIKE HURTS SHIP BUILDING

PORTLAND, September 15.—(Associated Press)—Trade unionists in the lumber trade are out on strike for the principle of the closed shop and higher pay. All workers in the shipyards where wooden ships are built at Portland, Astoria, Vancouver and St. Helens are idle, and estimates by labor officials show that 2000 men are laid off.

Several other shipyards on the Pacific coast are likewise affected, some being closed while others are working under reduced forces.

RHEUMATISM

Have you ever tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism? If not you are wasting time, as the longer this disease runs on the harder it is to cure. Get a bottle today, apply it with a vigorous massage to the afflicted parts, and you will be surprised and delighted at the relief obtained. For sale by all dealers. Bewson, Smith & Co., Ltd., agents for Hawaii.—Advertisement.

DID NOT KNOW CONTENT ONLY PLEA SWEDEN IS OFFERING

Practical Plea of Guilty Made and Assertion Added That Germany Has Been Called To Render Strict Account of Part

ENVOY TO MEXICO MAKES DENIAL OF ACT CHARGED

Secretary of State Replies That He Has German's Own Letter To Prove Truth of Disclosures and Falsity of Denial

WASHINGTON, September 16.—(Associated Press)—Sweden, through her minister of foreign affairs, Admiral Lindmann, practically pleads guilty to having handled German messages through her diplomatic service, although the Swedish foreign office, states Admiral Lindmann, had not the slightest suspicion of the nature of the messages that were being handled.

On the other hand, Minister von Eckhardt, the German minister at the City of Mexico, makes a flat denial that he was misusing the confidence of the Swedish charge d'affaires at the Mexican capital as charged by Secretary of State Lansing. In reply to this, the Secretary of State announces that he has von Eckhardt's own letter to prove that the German minister is lying deliberately.

SWEDEN RECOGNIZES GRAVITY

"Sweden is not regarding as any light thing the fact that some of her representatives abroad have been transmitting German lespatches under the guise of Swedish despatches," says Admiral Lindmann in a joint reply to the British, French and American ministers' demands for an explanation. "The Swedish government stopped this transmission of German despatches the moment the disclosures were brought to the attention of its foreign minister, and under no circumstances will this custom be permitted to be resumed."

"If the government of Sweden had had the slightest suspicion of the contents of these despatches they would never have been permitted to pass. The Swedish foreign office has already made strong representations on this subject to Berlin, protesting against this abuse by the German diplomats of the confidence of their Swedish colleagues, and an explanation has been requested."

Careful Investigation
Regarding the despatches forwarded under the seal of the Swedish legation at the City of Mexico, written by von Eckhardt, the German minister, which fell into the hands of agents of the American government and which are held by the state department today as proof of Swedish complicity, Secretary Lansing states that it was not until a most careful investigation was made that the authenticity of the letters were believed in.

Despatches from the City of Mexico state that von Eckhardt emphatically denies that he ever sent a communication to Berlin through the Swedish Charge d'Amholm, or that he had ever recommended Cronholm for a German decoration for services rendered Germany.

Swede Leaves London

London reports that Swedish Minister Wrangel has suddenly departed for the continent after a lengthy conference with Minister of Blockade Lord Robert Cecil.

Embassy officials, questioned as to the cause of his sudden departure, said that Wrangel would be absent till October. While the minister may not be dismissed it is taken here as an indication that Britain is dissatisfied with his explanations.

MANY LIVES LOST ON BRITISH MERCHANT VESSELS

According to a statement made in the British parliament, 9748 lives have been lost on British merchant vessels through enemy action since the war began. Of these, 3828 were passengers and 5920 were sailors. The record is complete to June 30 of this year.